
SoS Documentation

Release 4.2

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Sos is an extensible, portable, support data collection tool primarily aimed at Linux distributions and other UNIX-like operating systems.

This is the SoS developer documentation, for user documentation refer to:

<https://github.com/sosreport/sos/wiki>

This project is hosted at:

<https://github.com/sosreport/sos>

For the latest version, to contribute, and for more information, please visit the project pages or join the mailing list.

To clone the current main (development) branch run:

```
git clone git://github.com/sosreport/sos.git
```


CHAPTER 1

Reporting bugs

Please report bugs via the mailing list or by opening an issue in the GitHub Issue Tracker

CHAPTER 2

Mailing list

`sos-devel` is the mailing list for any sos-related questions and discussion. Patch submissions and reviews are welcome too.

CHAPTER 3

Patches and pull requests

Patches can be submitted via the mailing list or as GitHub pull requests. If using GitHub please make sure your branch applies to the current main branch as a 'fast forward' merge (i.e. without creating a merge commit). Use the git rebase command to update your branch to the current main branch if necessary.

User and API documentation is automatically generated using [Sphinx](#) and [Read the Docs](#).

4.1 Wiki

- [How to write a plugin](#)

- [How to write a policy](#)

- [Plugin options](#)

To help get your changes merged quickly with as few revisions as possible please refer to the [Contributor Guidelines](#) when submitting patches or pull requests.

5.1 Manual Installation

```
python3 setup.py install
```

5.2 Pre-built Packaging

Fedora/RHEL users install via yum:

```
yum install sos
```

Debian users install via apt:

```
apt install sosreport
```

Ubuntu (14.04 LTS and above) users install via apt:

```
sudo apt install sosreport
```


6.1 Core Reference

6.1.1 `sos.archive` — Archive Interface

class `sos.archive.Archive`

Bases: `object`

Abstract base class for archives.

add_binary (*content*, *dest*)

add_dir (*path*)

add_file (*src*, *dest=None*)

add_link (*source*, *link_name*)

add_node (*path*, *mode*, *device*)

add_string (*content*, *dest*, *mode='w'*)

classmethod `archive_type` ()

Returns the archive class's name as a string.

cleanup ()

Clean up any temporary resources used by an Archive class.

finalize (*method*)

Finalize an archive object via method. This may involve creating An archive that is subsequently compressed or simply closing an archive that supports in-line handling. If method is automatic then the following methods are tried in order: `xz`, `gzip`

get_archive_path ()

Return a string representing the path to the temporary archive. For archive classes that implement in-line handling this will be the archive file itself. Archives that use a directory based cache prior to packaging should return the path to the temporary directory where the report content is located

get_tmp_dir ()

Return a temporary directory that clients of the archive may use to write content to. The content of the path is guaranteed to be included in the generated archive.

log = <Logger sos (WARNING)>

log_debug (*msg*)

log_error (*msg*)

log_info (*msg*)

log_warn (*msg*)

name_max ()

Return the maximum file name length this archive can support. This is the lesser of the name length limit of the archive format and any temporary file system based cache.

set_debug (*debug*)

class sos.archive.**FileCacheArchive** (*name, tmpdir, policy, threads, enc_opts, sysroot, manifest=None*)

Bases: sos.archive.Archive

Abstract superclass for archive types that use a temporary cache directory in the file system.

add_binary (*content, dest*)

add_dir (*path*)

Create a directory in the archive.

Parameters path – the path in the host file system to add

add_file (*src, dest=None*)

add_final_manifest_data (*method*)

Adds component-agnostic data to the manifest so that individual SoSComponents do not need to redundantly add these manually

add_link (*source, link_name*)

add_node (*path, mode, device*)

add_string (*content, dest, mode='w'*)

cleanup ()

Clean up any temporary resources used by an Archive class.

dest_path (*name*)

finalize (*method*)

Finalize an archive object via method. This may involve creating An archive that is subsequently compressed or simply closing an archive that supports in-line handling. If method is automatic then the following methods are tried in order: xz, gzip

get_archive_path ()

Return a string representing the path to the temporary archive. For archive classes that implement in-line handling this will be the archive file itself. Archives that use a directory based cache prior to packaging should return the path to the temporary directory where the report content is located

get_tmp_dir ()

Return a temporary directory that clients of the archive may use to write content to. The content of the path is guaranteed to be included in the generated archive.

join_sysroot (*path*)

makedirs (*path*, *mode=448*)

Create path, including leading components.

Used by sos.sosreport to set up sos_* directories.

name_max ()

Return the maximum file name length this archive can support. This is the lesser of the name length limit of the archive format and any temporary file system based cache.

open_file (*path*)

rename_archive_root (*cleaner*)

Rename the archive to an obfuscated version using an initialized SoSCleaner instance

class sos.archive.TarFileArchive (*name*, *tmpdir*, *policy*, *threads*, *enc_opts*, *sysroot*, *manifest=None*)

Bases: sos.archive.FileCacheArchive

archive class using python TarFile to create tar archives

copy_permissions_filter (*tarinfo*)

get_selinux_context (*path*)

method = None

name ()

name_max ()

Return the maximum file name length this archive can support. This is the lesser of the name length limit of the archive format and any temporary file system based cache.

set_tarinfo_from_stat (*tar_info*, *fstat*, *mode=None*)

6.1.2 sos.collector.clusters — Cluster Interface

class sos.collector.clusters.Cluster (*commons*)

Bases: object

This is the class that cluster profiles should subclass in order to add support for different clustering technologies and environments to sos-collector.

A profile should at minimum define a package that indicates the node is configured for the type of cluster the profile is intended to serve and then additionally be able to return a list of enumerated nodes via the `get_nodes()` method

Parameters commons (dict) – The commons dict containing system information. The same as what is handed to `Plugin()`

Variables

- **option_list** (list of tuples) – Options supported by the profile, and set by the `-cluster-option` cmdline arg
- **packages** (tuple) – What package(s) should this profile enable on
- **sos_plugins** (list) – Which plugins to forcibly enable for node reports
- **sos_plugin_options** (dict) – Plugin options to forcibly set for nodes
- **sos_preset** (str) – A SoSReport preset to forcibly enable on nodes
- **cluster_name** (str) – The name of the cluster type

add_default_ssh_key (*key*)

Some clusters generate and/or deploy well-known and consistent SSH keys across environments. If this is the case, the cluster profile may call this command so that subsequent node connections will use that key rather than prompting the user for one or a password.

Note this will only function if collector is being run locally on the primary node.

check_enabled ()

This may be overridden by clusters

This is called by sos collect on each cluster type that exists, and is meant to return True when the cluster type matches a criteria that indicates that is the cluster type is in use.

Only the first cluster type to determine a match is run

Returns True if the cluster profile should be used, or False

Return type bool

check_node_is_primary (*node*)

In the event there are multiple primaries, or if the collect command is being run from a system that is technically capable of enumerating nodes but the cluster profiles needs to specify primary-specific options for other nodes, override this method in the cluster profile

Parameters *node* (SoSNode) – The node for the cluster to check

exec_primary_cmd (*cmd*, *need_root=False*)

Used to retrieve command output from a (primary) node in a cluster

Parameters

- **cmd** (*str*) – The command to run
- **need_root** (*bool*) – Does the command require root privileges

Returns The output and status of *cmd*

Return type dict

format_node_list ()

Format the returned list of nodes from a cluster into a known format. This being a list that contains no duplicates

Returns A list of nodes, without extraneous entries from cmd output

Return type list

get_node_label (*node*)

Used by SoSNode () to retrieve the appropriate label from the cluster as set by set_node_label () in the cluster profile.

Parameters *node* (*str*) – The name of the node to get a label for

Returns The label to use for the node's report

Return type str

get_nodes ()

This MUST be overridden by a cluster profile subclassing this class

A cluster should use this method to return a list or string that contains all the nodes that a report should be collected from

Returns A list of node FQDNs or IP addresses

Return type list or None

get_option (*option*)

This is used to by clusters to check if a cluster option was supplied to sos collect

Parameters **option** (*str*) – The name of the option to fetch

Returns The value of the requested option if it exists, or `False`

log_debug (*msg*)

Used to print debug messages

log_error (*msg*)

Used to print error messages

log_info (*msg*)

Used to print info messages

log_warn (*msg*)

Used to print warning messages

classmethod name ()

Returns the cluster's name as a string.

set_node_label (*node*)

This may be overridden by clusters profiles subclassing this class

If there is a distinction between primaries and nodes, or types of nodes, then this can be used to label the sosreport archive differently

set_node_options (*node*)

If there is a need to set specific options on ONLY the non-primary nodes in a collection, override this method in the cluster profile and do that here.

Parameters **node** (*SoSNode*) – The non-primary node

set_primary_options (*node*)

If there is a need to set specific options in the sos command being run on the cluster's primary nodes, override this method in the cluster profile and do that here.

Parameters **node** (*SoSNode*) – The primary node

setup ()

This MAY be used by a cluster to do prep work in case there are extra commands to be run even if a node list is given by the user, and thus `get_nodes()` would not be called

6.1.3 sos.cleaner.parsers — Parser Interface

class `sos.cleaner.parsers.SoSCleanerParser` (*config={}*)

Bases: `object`

Parsers are used to build objects that will take a line as input, parse it for a particular pattern (E.G. IP addresses) and then make any necessary substitutions by referencing the `SoSMap()` associated with the parser.

Ideally a new parser subclass will only need to set the class level attrs in order to be fully functional.

Parameters **conf_file** (*str*) – The configuration file to read from

Variables

- **name** (*str*) – The parser name, used in logging errors
- **regex_patterns** (*list*) – A list of regex patterns to iterate over for every line processed
- **mapping** (*SoSMap()*) – Used by the parser to store and obfuscate matches

- **map_file_key** (*str*) – The key in the `map_file` to read when loading previous obfuscation matches
- **prep_map_file** – File to read from an archive to pre-seed the map with matches. E.G. `ip_addr` for loading IP addresses

get_map_contents ()

Get the contents of the mapping used by the parser

Returns All matches and their obfuscate counterparts

Return type `dict`

parse_line (*line*)

This will be called for every line in every file we process, so that every parser has a chance to scrub everything.

Parameters **line** (*str*) – The line to parse for possible matches for obfuscation

Returns The obfuscated line, and the number of changes made

Return type `tuple, (str, int)`

parse_string_for_keys (*string_data*)

Parse a given string for instances of any obfuscated items, without applying the normal regex comparisons first. This is mainly used to obfuscate filenames that have, for example, hostnames in them.

Rather than try to regex match the `string_data`, just use the builtin checks for substrings matching known obfuscated keys

Parameters **string_data** (*str*) – The line to be parsed

Returns The obfuscated line

Return type `str`

6.1.4 `sos.policies` — Policy Interface

class `sos.policies.GenericPolicy` (*sysroot=None, probe_runtime=True*)

Bases: `sos.policies.Policy`

This Policy will be returned if no other policy can be loaded. This should allow for `IndependentPlugins` to be executed on any system

get_msg ()

This method is used to prepare the preamble text to display to the user in non-batch mode. If your policy sets `self.distro` that text will be substituted accordingly. You can also override this method to do something more complicated.

Returns Formatted banner message string

Return type `str`

class `sos.policies.Policy` (*sysroot=None, probe_runtime=True*)

Bases: `object`

Policies represent distributions that `sos` supports, and define the way in which `sos` behaves on those distributions. A policy should define at minimum a way to identify the distribution, and a package manager to allow for package based plugin enablement.

Policies also control preferred `ContainerRuntime()`'s, upload support to default locations for distribution vendors, disclaimer text, and default presets supported by that distribution or vendor's products.

Every Policy will also need at least one "tagging class" for plugins.

Parameters

- **sysroot** (*str* or *None*) – Set the sysroot for the system, if not /
- **probe_runtime** (*bool*) – Should the Policy try to load a ContainerRuntime

Variables

- **distro** (*str*) – The name of the distribution the Policy represents
- **vendor** (*str*) – The name of the vendor producing the distribution
- **vendor_urls** (*list* of tuples formatted (``description, url``)) – List of URLs for the vendor’s website, or support portal
- **vendor_text** (*str*) – Additional text to add to the banner message
- **name_pattern** (*str*) – The naming pattern to be used for naming archives generated by sos. Values of *legacy*, and *friendly* are preset patterns. May also be set to an explicit custom pattern, see *get_archive_name()*

add_preset (*name=None, desc=None, note=None, opts=SoSOptions()*)

Add a new on-disk preset and write it to the configured presets path.

Parameters **preset** – the new PresetDefaults to add

check (*remote=""*)

This function is responsible for determining if the underlying system is supported by this policy.

If *remote* is provided, it should be the contents of os-release from a remote host, or a similar vendor-specific file that can be used in place of a locally available file.

Returns *True* if the Policy should be loaded, else *False*

Return type *bool*

display_results (*archive, directory, checksum, archivestat=None, map_file=None*)

Display final information about a generated archive

Parameters

- **archive** (*str*) – The name of the archive that was generated
- **directory** (*str*) – The build directory for sos if `-build` was used
- **checksum** (*str*) – The checksum of the archive
- **archivestat** (*os.stat_result*) – `stat()` information for the archive
- **map_file** (*str*) – If sos clean was invoked, the location of the mapping file for this run

dist_version ()

Return the OS version

find_preset (*preset*)

Find a preset profile matching the specified preset string.

Parameters **preset** – a string containing a preset profile name.

Returns a matching PresetProfile.

forbidden_paths

This property is used to determine the list of forbidden paths set by the policy. Note that this property will construct a *cumulative* list based on all subclasses of a given policy.

Returns All patterns of policy forbidden paths

Return type *list*

get_archive_name ()

This function should return the filename of the archive without the extension.

This uses the policy's *name_pattern* attribute to determine the name. There are two pre-defined naming patterns - *legacy* and *friendly* that give names like the following:

- legacy - *sosreport-tux.123456-20171224185433*
- friendly - *sosreport-tux-mylabel-123456-2017-12-24-ezcfcop.tar.xz*

A custom *name_pattern* can be used by a policy provided that it defines *name_pattern* using a format() style string substitution.

Usable substitutions are:

- name - the short hostname of the system
- label - the label given by `-label`
- case - the case id given by `-case-id` or `-ticker-number`
- rand - a random string of 7 alpha characters

Note that if a timestamp is needed, the substring should be set in *name_pattern* in the format accepted by `strftime()`.

Returns A name to be used for the archive, as expanded from the Policy *name_pattern*

Return type `str`

get_msg ()

This method is used to prepare the preamble text to display to the user in non-batch mode. If your policy sets `self.distro` that text will be substituted accordingly. You can also override this method to do something more complicated.

Returns Formatted banner message string

Return type `str`

get_preferred_archive ()

Return the class object of the preferred archive format for this platform

get_preferred_hash_name ()

Returns the string name of the hashlib-supported checksum algorithm to use

host_sysroot ()

Get the host's default sysroot

Returns Host sysroot

Return type `str` or `None`

in_container ()

Are we running inside a container?

Returns `True` if in a container, else `False`

Return type `bool`

is_root ()

This method should return true if the user calling the script is considered to be a superuser

Returns `True` if user is superuser, else `False`

Return type `bool`

load_presets (*presets_path=None*)

Load presets from disk.

Read JSON formatted preset data from the specified path, or the default location at `/var/lib/sos/presets`.

Parameters **presets_path** – a directory containing JSON presets.

match_plugin (*plugin_classes*)

Determine what subclass of a Plugin should be used based on the tagging classes assigned to the Plugin

Parameters **plugin_classes** (*list*) – The classes that the Plugin subclasses

Returns The first subclass that matches one of the Policy's *valid_subclasses*

Return type A tagging class for Plugins

pkg_by_name (*pkg*)

Wrapper to retrieve a package from the Policy's package manager

Parameters **pkg** (*str*) – The name of the package

Returns The first package that matches *pkg*

Return type *str*

post_work ()

This function is called after the sosreport has been generated.

pre_work ()

This function is called prior to collection.

probe_preset ()

Return a `PresetDefaults` object matching the running host.

Stub method to be implemented by derived policy classes.

Returns a `PresetDefaults` object.

register_presets (*presets, replace=False*)

Add new presets to this policy object.

Merges the presets dictionary *presets* into this `Policy` object, or replaces the current presets if *replace* is `True`.

presets should be a dictionary mapping *str* preset names to `<class PresetDefaults>` objects specifying the command line defaults.

Parameters

- **presets** – dictionary of presets to add or replace
- **replace** – replace presets rather than merge new presets.

set_commons (*commons*)

Set common host data for the Policy to reference

classmethod set_forbidden_paths ()

Use this to *append* policy-specific forbidden paths that apply to all plugins. Setting this classmethod on an individual policy will *not* override subclass-specific paths

validate_plugin (*plugin_class, experimental=False*)

Verifies that the *plugin_class* should execute under this policy

Parameters **plugin_class** (*A Plugin() tagging class*) – The tagging class being checked

Returns True if the *plugin_class* is allowed by the policy

Return type bool

6.1.5 sos.report.plugins — Plugin Interface

This exports methods available for use by plugins for sos

class sos.report.plugins.CosPlugin

Bases: object

Tagging class for Container-Optimized OS

class sos.report.plugins.DebianPlugin

Bases: object

Tagging class for Debian Linux

class sos.report.plugins.ExperimentalPlugin

Bases: object

Tagging class that indicates that this plugin is experimental

class sos.report.plugins.IndependentPlugin

Bases: object

Tagging class for plugins that can run on any platform

class sos.report.plugins.Plugin (*commons*)

Bases: object

This is the base class for sosreport plugins. Plugins should subclass this and set the class variables where applicable.

Parameters **commons** (dict) – A set of information that is shared internally so that plugins may access the same dataset. This is provided automatically by sos

Each *Plugin()* subclass should also subclass at least one tagging class, e.g. *RedHatPlugin*, to support that distribution. If different distributions require different collections, each distribution should have its own subclass of the *Plugin* that also subclasses the tagging class for their respective distributions.

Variables

- **plugin_name** (str) – The name of the plugin, will be returned by *name()*
- **packages** (tuple) – Package name(s) that, if installed, enable this plugin
- **files** (tuple) – File path(s) that, if present, enable this plugin
- **commands** (tuple) – Executables that, if present, enable this plugin
- **kernel_mods** (tuple) – Kernel module(s) that, if loaded, enable this plugin
- **services** (tuple) – Service name(s) that, if running, enable this plugin
- **architectures** (tuple, or None) – Architecture(s) this plugin is enabled for. Defaults to 'none' to enable on all arches.
- **profiles** (tuple) – Name(s) of profile(s) this plugin belongs to
- **plugin_timeout** (int) – Timeout in seconds for this plugin as a whole
- **cmd_timeout** (int) – Timeout in seconds for individual commands

add_alert (*alertstring*)

Add an alert to the collection of alerts for this plugin. These will be displayed in the report

Parameters `alertstring` (`str`) – The text to add as an alert

```
add_blockdev_cmd (cmds, devices='block', timeout=None, sizelimit=None, chroot=True,
                  runat=None, env=None, binary=False, prepend_path=None, whitelist=[],
                  blacklist=[], tags=[], priority=10)
```

Run a command or list of commands against storage-related devices.

Any commands specified by `cmd` will be iterated over the list of the specified devices. Commands passed to this should include a `%(dev)s` variable for substitution.

Parameters

- **cmds** (`str` or a list of strings) – The command(s) to run against the list of devices
- **devices** (`str` or a list of device paths) – The device paths to run `cmd` against. If set to `block` or `fibre`, the commands will be run against the matching list of discovered devices
- **timeout** (`int`) – Timeout in seconds to allow each `cmd` to run
- **sizelimit** (`int`) – Maximum amount of output to collect, in MB
- **chroot** (`bool`) – Should sos chroot the command(s) being run
- **runat** (`str`) – Set the filesystem location to execute the command from
- **env** (`dict`) – Set environment variables for the command(s) being run
- **binary** (`bool`) – Is the output collected going to be binary data
- **prepend_path** (`str` or `None`) – The leading path for block device names
- **whitelist** (`list` of `str`) – Limit the devices the `cmds` will be run against to devices matching these item(s)
- **blacklist** (`list` of `str`) – Do not run `cmds` against devices matching these item(s)

```
add_cmd_output (cmds, suggest_filename=None, root_symlink=None, timeout=None, stderr=True,
                 chroot=True, runat=None, env=None, binary=False, sizelimit=None, pred=None,
                 subdir=None, changes=False, foreground=False, tags=[], priority=10,
                 cmd_as_tag=False)
```

Run a program or a list of programs and collect the output

Output will be limited to `sizelimit`, collecting the last X amount of command output matching `sizelimit`. Unless `suggest_filename` is set, the file that the output is saved to will match the command as it was executed, and will be saved under `sos_commands/$plugin`

Parameters

- **cmds** (`str` or a list of strings) – The command(s) to execute
- **suggest_filename** (`str`) – Override the name of the file output is saved to within the archive
- **root_symlink** (`str`) – If set, create a symlink with this name in the archive root
- **timeout** (`int`) – Timeout in seconds to allow each `cmd` to run for
- **stderr** (`bool`) – Should stderr output be collected
- **chroot** (`bool`) – Should sos chroot the `cmds` being run
- **runat** (`str`) – Run the `cmds` from this location in the filesystem
- **env** (`dict`) – Set environment variables for the `cmds` being run
- **binary** (`bool`) – Is the command expected to produce binary output
- **sizelimit** (`int`) – Maximum amount of output in MB to save

- **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – A predicate to gate if *cmds* should be collected or not
- **subdir** (*str*) – Save output to this subdirectory, within the plugin’s directory under *sos_commands*
- **changes** (*int*) – Do *cmds* have the potential to change system state
- **foreground** (*bool*) – Should the *cmds* be run in the foreground, with an attached TTY
- **tags** (*str* or a list of strings) – A tag or set of tags to add to the metadata entries for the *cmds* being run
- **priority** (*int*) – The priority with which this command should be run, lower values will run before higher values
- **cmd_as_tag** (*bool*) – Should the command string be automatically formatted to a tag?

add_cmd_tags (*tagdict*)

Retroactively add tags to any commands that have been run by this plugin that match a given regex

Parameters *tagdict* (*dict*) – A dict containing the command regex and associated tags

tagdict takes the form of {*cmd_regex*: *tags*}, for example to tag all commands starting with *foo* with the tag *bar*, use {‘foo.*’: [‘bar’]}

add_copy_spec (*copyspecs*, *sizelimit=None*, *maxage=None*, *tailit=True*, *pred=None*, *tags=[]*)

Add a file, directory, or regex matching filepaths to the archive

Parameters

- **copyspecs** (*str* or a list of strings) – A file, directory, or regex matching filepaths
- **sizelimit** (*int*) – Limit the total size of collections from *copyspecs* to this size in MB
- **maxage** (*int*) – Collect files with *mtime* not older than this many hours
- **tailit** (*bool*) – Should a file that exceeds *sizelimit* be tail’ed to fit the remaining space to meet *sizelimit*
- **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – A predicate to gate if *copyspecs* should be collected
- **tags** (*str* or a list of strings) – A tag or set of tags to add to the metadata information for this collection

copyspecs will be expanded and/or globbed as appropriate. Specifying a directory here will cause the plugin to attempt to collect the entire directory, recursively.

Note that *sizelimit* is applied to each *copyspec*, not each file individually. For example, a copyspec of [‘/etc/foo’, ‘/etc/bar.conf’] and a *sizelimit* of 25 means that sos will collect up to 25MB worth of files within */etc/foo*, and will collect the last 25MB of */etc/bar.conf*.

add_custom_text (*text*)

Append text to the custom text that is included in the report. This is freeform and can include html.

Parameters *text* (*str*) – The text to include in the report

add_default_collections ()

Based on the class attrs defined for plugin enablement, add a standardized set of collections before we call the plugin’s own *setup()* method.

add_env_var (*name*)

Add an environment variable to the list of to-be-collected env vars.

Collected environment variables will be saved to an *environment* file in the archive root, and any variable specified for collection will be collected in lowercase, uppercase, and the form provided

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the environment variable to collect

add_file_tags (*tagdict*)

Apply a tag to a file matching a given regex, for use when a file is copied by a more generic copyspec.

Parameters **tagdict** (*dict*) – A dict containing the filepatterns to match and the tag(s) to apply to those files

tagdict takes the form *{file_pattern: tag}*, E.G. to match all bond devices from */proc/net/bonding* with the tag *bond*, use *{'/proc/net/bonding/bond.*': ['bond']}*

add_forbidden_path (*forbidden, recursive=False*)

Specify a path, or list of paths, to not copy, even if it's part of an *add_copy_spec()* call

Parameters

- **forbidden** (*str* or a list of strings) – A filepath to forbid collection from
- **recursive** – Should forbidden glob be applied recursively

add_journal (*units=None, boot=None, since=None, until=None, lines=None, allfields=False, output=None, timeout=None, identifier=None, catalog=None, sizelimit=None, pred=None, tags=None, priority=10*)

Collect journald logs from one of more units.

Parameters

- **units** (*str* or a list of strings) – Which journald units to collect
- **boot** (*str*) – A boot index using the journalctl syntax. The special values 'this' and 'last' are also accepted.
- **since** (*str*) – Start time for journal messages
- **until** (*str*) – End time for journal messages
- **lines** (*int*) – The maximum number of lines to be collected
- **allfields** (*bool*) – Include all journal fields regardless of size or non-printable characters
- **output** (*str*) – Journalctl output control string, for example "verbose"
- **timeout** (*int*) – An optional timeout in seconds
- **identifier** (*str*) – An optional message identifier
- **catalog** (*bool*) – Augment lines with descriptions from the system catalog
- **sizelimit** (*int*) – Limit to the size of output returned in MB. Defaults to the value of *-log-size*.

add_service_status (*services, **kwargs*)

Collect service status information based on the *InitSystem* used

Parameters

- **services** (*str* or a list of strings) – Service name(s) to collect statuses for
- **kwargs** – Optional arguments to pass to *_add_cmd_output* (*timeout, predicate, suggest_filename,..*)

add_string_as_file (*content, filename, pred=None*)

Add a string to the archive as a file

Parameters

- **content** (*str*) – The string to write to the archive

- **filename** (*str*) – The name of the file to write *content* to
- **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – A predicate to gate if the string should be added to the archive or not

check_enabled()

This method will be used to verify that a plugin should execute given the condition of the underlying environment.

The default implementation will return True if none of `class.files`, `class.packages`, nor `class.commands` is specified. If any of these is specified the plugin will check for the existence of any of the corresponding paths, packages or commands and return True if any are present.

For SCLPlugin subclasses, it will check whether the plugin can be run for any of installed SCLs. If so, it will store names of these SCLs on the plugin class in addition to returning True.

For plugins with more complex enablement checks this method may be overridden.

Returns True if the plugin should be run for this system, else False

Return type bool

check_is_architecture()

Checks whether or not the system is running on an architecture that the plugin allows. If not architecture is set, assume plugin can run on all arches.

Returns True if the host's architecture allows the plugin to run, else False

Return type bool

check_process_by_name(*process*)

Checks if a named process is found in `/proc/[0-9]*/cmdline`.

Parameters **process** (*str*) – The name of the process

Returns True if the process exists, else False

Return type bool

check_timeout()

Checks to see if the plugin has hit its timeout.

This is set when the `sos.collect_plugin()` method hits a timeout and terminates the thread. From there, a `Popen()` call can still continue to run, and we need to manually terminate it. Thus, `check_timeout()` should only be called in `sos_get_command_output()`.

Since `sos_get_command_output()` is not plugin aware, this method is handed to that call to use as a polling method, to avoid passing the entire plugin object.

Returns True if timeout has been hit, else False

Return type bool

cmdtimeout

Returns either the default command timeout value, the value as provided on the commandline via `-k plugin.cmd-timeout=value`, or the value of the global `--cmd-timeout` option.

collect()

Collect the data for a plugin.

collect_cmd_output(*cmd*, *suggest_filename=None*, *root_symlink=False*, *timeout=None*, *stderr=True*, *chroot=True*, *runat=None*, *env=None*, *binary=False*, *size-limit=None*, *pred=None*, *subdir=None*, *tags=[]*)

Execute a command and save the output to a file for inclusion in the report, then return the results for further use by the plugin

Parameters

- **cmd** (*str*) – The command to run
- **suggest_filename** – Filename to use when writing to the archive
- **suggest_filename** – *str*
- **root_symlink** (*bool*) – Create a symlink in the archive root
- **timeout** (*int*) – Time in seconds to allow a cmd to run
- **stderr** (*bool*) – Write stderr to stdout?
- **chroot** (*bool*) – Perform chroot before running cmd?
- **runat** (*str*) – Run the command from this location, overriding chroot
- **env** (*dict*) – Environment vars to set for the cmd
- **binary** (*bool*) – Is the output in binary?
- **sizelimit** (*int*) – Maximum size in MB of output to save
- **subdir** (*str*) – Subdir in plugin directory to save to
- **changes** (*bool*) – Does this cmd potentially make a change on the system?
- **tags** (*str* or a list of strings) – Add tags in the archive manifest

Returns *cmd* exit status, output, and the filepath within the archive output was saved to

Return type *dict*

container_exists (*name*)

If a container runtime is present, check to see if a container with a given name is currently running

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the container to check presence of

Returns True if *name* exists, else False

Return type *bool*

default_enabled ()

This decides whether a plugin should be automatically loaded or only if manually specified in the command line.

do_cmd_output_sub (*cmd, regexp, subst*)

Apply a regexp substitution to command output archived by sosreport.

This is used to obfuscate sensitive information captured by command output collection via plugins.

Parameters

- **cmd** (*str*) – The command name/binary name for collected output that needs to be obfuscated. Internally globbed with a leading and trailing *
- **regexp** (*str* or compile *re* object) – A regexp to match the contents of the command output against
- **subst** (*str*) – The substitution string used to replace matches from *regexp*

Returns Number of replacements made

Return type *int*

do_cmd_private_sub (*cmd, desc=""*)

Remove certificate and key output archived by sos report. Any matching instances are replaced with: ‘—SCRUBBED’ and this function does not take a regexp or substituting string.

Parameters

- **cmd** (*str*) – The name of the binary to scrub certificate output from
- **desc** (*str*) – An identifier to add to the *SCRUBBED* header line

Returns Number of replacements made

Return type *int*

do_file_private_sub (*pathregex, desc=""*)

Scrub certificate/key/etc information from files collected by sos.

Files matching the provided *pathregex* are searched for content that resembles certificate, ssh keys, or similar information. Any matches are replaced with “—SCRUBBED \$desc” where *desc* is a description of the specific type of content being replaced, e.g. “—SCRUBBED RSA PRIVATE KEY” so that support representatives can at least be informed of what type of content it was originally.

Parameters

- **pathregex** (*str*) – A string or regex of a filename to match against
- **desc** (*str*) – A description of the replaced content

do_file_sub (*srcpath, regexp, subst*)

Apply a regex substitution to a file archived by sosreport.

Parameters

- **srcpath** (*str*) – Path in the archive where the file can be found
- **regexp** (*str* or compiled *re* object) – A regex to match the contents of the file
- **subst** (*str*) – The substitution string to be used to replace matches within the file

Returns Number of replacements made

Return type *int*

do_path_regex_sub (*pathexp, regexp, subst*)

Apply a regex substitution to a set of files archived by sos. The set of files to be substituted is generated by matching collected file pathnames against *pathexp*.

Parameters

- **pathexp** (*str* or compiled *re* object) – A regex to match filenames within the archive
- **regexp** (*str* or compiled *re* object) – A regex to match against the contents of each file
- **subst** (*str*) – The substitution string to be used to replace matches

exec_cmd (*cmd, timeout=None, stderr=True, chroot=True, runat=None, env=None, binary=False, pred=None, foreground=False, container=False, quotecmd=False*)

Execute a command right now and return the output and status, but do not save the output within the archive.

Use this method in a plugin’s *setup()* if command output is needed to build subsequent commands added to a report via *add_cmd_output()*.

Parameters

- **cmd** (*str*) – The command to run
- **timeout** (*int*) – Time in seconds to allow a cmd to run
- **stderr** (*bool*) – Write stderr to stdout?
- **chroot** (*bool*) – Perform chroot before running cmd?

- **runat** (*str*) – Run the command from this location, overriding `chroot`
- **env** (*dict*) – Environment vars to set for the `cmd`
- **binary** (*bool*) – Is the output in binary?
- **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – A predicate to gate execution of the `cmd`
- **foreground** (*bool*) – Run the `cmd` in the foreground with a TTY
- **container** (*str*) – Execute this command in a container with this name
- **quotecmd** (*bool*) – Whether the `cmd` should be quoted.

Returns Command exit status and output

Return type `dict`

file_grep (*regex*, **fnames*)

Grep through file(s) for a specific string or regex

Parameters

- **regex** (*str*) – The string or regex to search for
- **fnames** (*str*, *list* of string, or open file objects) – Paths to grep through

Returns Lines matching *regex*

Return type `str`

filter_namespaces (*ns_list*, *ns_pattern=None*, *ns_max=None*)

Filter a list of namespaces by regex pattern or max number of namespaces (options originally present in the networking plugin.)

fmt_container_cmd (*container*, *cmd*, *quotecmd=False*)

Format a command to be executed by the loaded `ContainerRuntime` in a specified container

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) – The name of the container to execute the `cmd` in
- **cmd** (*str*) – The command to run within the container
- **quotecmd** (*bool*) – Whether the `cmd` should be quoted.

Returns The command to execute so that the specified `cmd` will run within the `container` and not on the host

Return type `str`

generate_copyspec_tags ()

After file collections have completed, retroactively generate manifest entries to apply tags to files copied by generic copyspecs

get_all_containers_by_regex (*regex*, *get_all=False*)

Get a list of all container names and ID matching a regex

Parameters

- **regex** (*str*) – The regular expression to match
- **get_all** (*bool*) – Return all containers found, even terminated ones

Returns All container IDs and names matching *regex*

Return type `list of tuples` as (id, name)

get_all_options ()

return a list of all options selected

get_cmd_output_path (*name=None, make=True*)

Get the path where this plugin will save command output

Parameters

- **name** (*str* or *None*) – Optionally specify a filename to use as part of the command output path
- **make** (*bool*) – Attempt to create the command output path

Returns The path where the plugin will write command output data within the archive

Return type *str*

get_container_by_name (*name*)

Get the container ID for a specific container

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the container

Returns The ID of the container if it exists

Return type *str* or *None*

get_container_images (*runtime=None*)

Return a list of all image names from the Policy's ContainerRuntime

If *runtime* is not provided, use the Policy default. If the specified *runtime* is not loaded, return empty.

Parameters **runtime** (*str*) – The container runtime to use, if not using the default runtime detected by the *Policy*

Returns A list of container images known to the *runtime*

Return type *list*

get_container_logs (*container, **kwargs*)

Helper to get the *logs* output for a given container

Supports passthru of *add_cmd_output()* options

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) – The name of the container to retrieve logs from
- **kwargs** – Any kwargs supported by *add_cmd_output()* are supported here

get_container_volumes (*runtime=None*)

Return a list of all volume names from the Policy's ContainerRuntime

If *runtime* is not provided, use the Policy default. If the specified *runtime* is not loaded, return empty.

Parameters **runtime** (*str*) – The container runtime to use, if not using the default runtime detected by the *Policy*

Returns A list of container volumes known to the *runtime*

Return type *list*

get_containers (*runtime=None, get_all=False*)

Return a list of all container IDs from the *Policy* ContainerRuntime

If *runtime* is not provided, use the *Policy* default

Parameters

- **runtime** (*str*) – The container runtime to use, if not the default runtime detected and loaded by the `Policy`
- **get_all** (*bool*) – Return all containers known to the *runtime*, even those that have terminated

Returns All container IDs found by the `ContainerRuntime`

Return type `list`

get_description ()

This function will return the description for the plugin

get_option (*optionname, default=0*)

Retrieve the value of the requested option, searching in order: parameters passed from the command line, set via `set_option()`, or the `global_plugin_options` dict.

optionname may be iterable, in which case this function will return the first match.

Parameters

- **optionname** (*str*) – The name of the option to retrieve the value of
- **default** – Optionally provide a default value to return if no option matching *optionname* is found. Default 0

Returns The value of *optionname* if found, else *default*

get_option_as_list (*optionname, delimiter=',', default=None*)

Will try to return the option as a list separated by the delimiter.

get_predicate (*cmd=False, pred=None*)

Get the current default *Plugin* or command predicate.

Parameters

- **cmd** (*bool*) – If a command predicate is set, should it be used.
- **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – An optional predicate to pass if no command or plugin predicate is set

Returns *pred* if neither a command predicate or plugin predicate is set. The command predicate if one is set and *cmd* is `True`, else the plugin default predicate (which may be `None`).

Return type `SoSPredicate` or `None`

get_process_pids (*process*)

Get a list of all PIDs that match a specified name

Parameters **process** (*str*) – The name of the process the get PIDs for

Returns A list of PIDs

Return type `list`

get_service_names (*regex*)

Get all service names matching regex

Parameters **regex** (*str*) – A regex to match service names against

Returns All service name(s) matching the given *regex*

Return type `list`

get_service_status (*name*)

Return the reported status for service \$name

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the service to check

Returns The state of the service according to the init system

Return type *str*

get_tags_for_cmd (*cmd*)

Get the tag(s) that should be associated with the given command

Parameters **cmd** (*str*) – The command that tags should be applied to

Returns Any tags associated with the command

Return type *list*

get_tags_for_file (*fname*)

Get the tags that should be associated with a file matching a given regex

Parameters **fname** (*str*) – A regex for filenames to be matched against

Returns The tag(s) associated with *fname*

Return type *list* of strings

is_installed (*package_name*)

Is the package \$package_name installed?

Parameters **package_name** (*str*) – The name of the package to check

Returns True if the package is installed, else False

Return type *bool*

is_module_loaded (*module_name*)

Determine whether specified module is loaded or not

Parameters **module_name** (*str*) – Name of kernel module to check for presence

Returns True if the module is loaded, else False

Return type *bool*

is_service (*name*)

Does the service \$name exist on the system?

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the service to check

Returns True if service is present on the system, else False

Return type *bool*

is_service_disabled (*name*)

Is the service \$name disabled?

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the service to check

Returns True if service is disabled on the system, else False

Return type *bool*

is_service_enabled (*name*)

Is the service \$name enabled?

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the service to check

Returns True if service is enabled on the system, else False

Return type *bool*

is_service_running (*name*)

Is the service *\$name* currently running?

Parameters **name** (*str*) – The name of the service to check

Returns True if the service is running on the system, else False

Return type bool

join_sysroot (*path*)

Join a given path with the configured sysroot

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The filesystem path that needs to be joined

Returns The joined filesystem path

Return type str

listdir (*path*)

Helper to call the sos.utilities wrapper that allows the corresponding *os* call to account for sysroot

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The canonical path for a specific file/directory

Returns Contents of path, if it is a directory

Return type list

log_skipped_cmd (*pred, cmd, kmods=False, services=False, changes=False*)

Log that a command was skipped due to predicate evaluation.

Emit a warning message indicating that a command was skipped due to predicate evaluation. If *kmods* or *services* are True then the list of expected kernel modules or services will be included in the log message. If *allow_changes* is True a message indicating that the missing data can be collected by using the “*-allow-system-changes*” command line option will be included.

Parameters

- **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – The predicate that caused the command to be skipped
- **cmd** (*str*) – The command that was skipped
- **kmods** (*bool*) – Did kernel modules cause the command to be skipped
- **services** (*bool*) – Did services cause the command to be skipped
- **changes** (*bool*) – Is the *-allow-system-changes* enabled

classmethod name ()

Get the name of the plugin

Returns The name of the plugin, in lowercase

Return type str

path_exists (*path*)

Helper to call the sos.utilities wrapper that allows the corresponding *os* call to account for sysroot

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The canonical path for a specific file/directory

Returns True if the path exists in sysroot, else False

Return type bool

path_isdir (*path*)

Helper to call the sos.utilities wrapper that allows the corresponding *os* call to account for sysroot

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The canonical path for a specific file/directory

Returns True if the path is a dir, else False

Return type bool

path_isfile (*path*)

Helper to call the sos.utilities wrapper that allows the corresponding *os* call to account for sysroot

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The canonical path for a specific file/directory

Returns True if the path is a file, else False

Return type bool

path_islink (*path*)

Helper to call the sos.utilities wrapper that allows the corresponding *os* call to account for sysroot

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The canonical path for a specific file/directory

Returns True if the path is a link, else False

Return type bool

postproc ()

Perform any postprocessing. To be replaced by a plugin if required.

set_cmd_predicate (*pred*)

Set or clear the default predicate for command collection for this plugin. If set, this predicate takes precedence over the *Plugin* default predicate for command and journal data collection.

Parameters **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – The predicate to use as the default command predicate

set_option (*optionname, value*)

Set the named option to value. Ensure the original type of the option value is preserved

Parameters

- **optionname** (*str*) – The name of the option to set
- **value** – The value to set the option to

Returns True if the option is successfully set, else False

Return type bool

set_plugin_manifest (*manifest*)

Pass in a manifest object to the plugin to write to

Parameters **manifest** (*SoSManifest*) – The manifest that the plugin will add metadata to

set_predicate (*pred*)

Set or clear the default predicate for this plugin.

Parameters **pred** (*SoSPredicate*) – The predicate to use as the default for this plugin

setup ()

Collect the list of files declared by the plugin. This method may be overridden to add further *copy_specs*, *forbidden_paths*, and external programs if required.

strip_sysroot (*path*)

Remove the configured sysroot from a filesystem path

Parameters **path** (*str*) – The filesystem path to strip sysroot from

Returns The stripped filesystem path

Return type *str*

test_predicate (*cmd=False, pred=None*)

Test the current predicate and return its value.

Parameters

- **cmd** – True if the predicate is gating a command or False otherwise.
- **pred** – An optional predicate to override the current Plugin or command predicate.

Returns True or False based on predicate evaluation, or False if no predicate

Return type bool

timeout

Returns either the default plugin timeout value, the value as provided on the commandline via `-k plugin.timeout=value`, or the value of the global `-plugin-timeout` option.

timeout_from_options (*optname, plugoptname, default_timeout*)

Returns either the default [plugin|cmd] timeout value, the value as provided on the commandline via `-k plugin.[|cmd]-timeout=value`, or the value of the global `-[plugin|cmd]-timeout` option.

tmp_in_sysroot ()

Check if sysroot is within the archive’s temp directory

Returns True if sysroot is in the archive’s temp directory, else False

Return type bool

use_sysroot ()

Determine if the configured sysroot needs to be used

Returns True if sysroot is not /, else False

Return type bool

class `sos.report.plugins.RedHatPlugin`

Bases: object

Tagging class for Red Hat’s Linux distributions

class `sos.report.plugins.SCLPlugin`

Bases: `sos.report.plugins.RedHatPlugin`

Superclass for plugins operating on Software Collections (SCLs).

Subclasses of this plugin class can specify `class.files` and `class.packages` using “%(scl_name)s” interpolation. The plugin invoking mechanism will try to match these against all found SCLs on the system. SCLs that do match `class.files` or `class.packages` are then accessible via `self.scls_matched` when the plugin is invoked.

Additionally, this plugin class provides “`add_cmd_output_scl`” (run a command in context of given SCL), and “`add_copy_spec_scl`” and “`add_copy_spec_limit_scl`” (copy package from file system of given SCL).

For example, you can implement a plugin that will list all global npm packages in every SCL that contains “npm” package:

```
class SCLNpmPlugin(Plugin, SCLPlugin): packages = (“%(scl_name)s-npm”,)
```

```
    def setup(self):
```

```
        for scl in self.scls_matched: self.add_cmd_output_scl(scl, “npm ls -g -json”)
```

```
add_cmd_output_scl (scl, cmds, **kwargs)
```

Same as `add_cmd_output`, except that it wraps command in “scl enable” call and sets proper PATH.

```
add_copy_spec_scl (scl, copyspecs)
```

Same as `add_copy_spec`, except that it prepends path to SCL root to “copyspecs”.

convert_cmd_scl (*scl, cmd*)
wrapping command in “scl enable” call and adds proper PATH

class `sos.report.plugins.SoSCommand` (***kwargs*)

Bases: `object`

A class to represent a command to be collected.

A `SoSCommand()` object is instantiated for each command handed to an `_add_cmd_output()` call, so that we no longer need to pass around a very long tuple to handle the parameters.

Any option supported by `_add_cmd_output()` is passed to the `SoSCommand` object and converted to an attribute. `SoSCommand.__dict__` is then passed to `_get_command_output_now()` for each command to be collected.

class `sos.report.plugins.SoSPredicate` (*owner, dry_run=False, kmods=[], services=[], packages=[], cmd_outputs=[], arch=[], required={}*)

Bases: `object`

A class to implement collection predicates.

A predicate gates the collection of data by an sos plugin. For any `add_cmd_output()`, `add_copy_spec()` or `add_journal()` call, the passed predicate will be evaluated and collection will proceed if the result is `True`, and not otherwise.

Predicates may be used to control conditional data collection without the need for explicit conditional blocks in plugins.

Parameters

- **owner** (`Plugin`) – The `Plugin` object creating the predicate
- **dry_run** (`bool`) – Is sos running in `dry_run` mode?
- **kmods** (`list`, or `str` of single name) – Kernel module name(s) to check presence of
- **services** (`list`, or `str` of single name) – Service name(s) to check if running
- **packages** (`list`, or `str` of single name) – Package name(s) to check presence of
- **cmd_outputs** (`list` of `dict`s`, or single `dict` taking form `{‘cmd’: <command to run>, ‘output’: <string that output should contain>}`) – Command to run, with output string to check
- **arch** (`list`, or `str` of single architecture) – Architecture(s) that the local system is matched against
- **required** (`dict`, with keys matching parameter names and values being either ‘any’, ‘all’, or ‘none. Default ‘any’.) – For each parameter provided, should the checks require all items, no items, or any items provided

arch = []
Allowed architecture(s) of the system

dry_run = **False**
Skip all collection?

kmods = []
Kernel module enablement list

packages = []
Package presence list

report_failure ()
Used by `Plugin()` to obtain the error string based on if the reason was a failed check or a forbidden check


```

services = []
    Services enablement list

class sos.report.plugins.SuSEPlugin
    Bases: object

    Tagging class for SuSE Linux distributions

class sos.report.plugins.UbuntuPlugin
    Bases: object

    Tagging class for Ubuntu Linux

sos.report.plugins.import_plugin (name, superclasses=None)
    Import name as a module and return a list of all classes defined in that module. superclasses should be a tuple
    of valid superclasses to import, this defaults to (Plugin,).

sos.report.plugins.regex_findall (regex, fname)
    Return a list of all non overlapping matches in the string(s)

```

6.1.6 sos.report.reporting — Reporting Interface

This provides a restricted tag language to define the sosreport index/report

```

class sos.report.reporting.Alert (content)
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.Leaf

    ADDS_TO = 'alerts'

class sos.report.reporting.Command (name, return_code, href)
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.Leaf

    ADDS_TO = 'commands'

class sos.report.reporting.CopiedFile (name, href)
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.Leaf

    ADDS_TO = 'copied_files'

class sos.report.reporting.CreatedFile (name, href)
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.Leaf

    ADDS_TO = 'created_files'

class sos.report.reporting.HTMLReport (report_node)
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.PlainTextReport

    Will generate a HTML report from a top_level Report object

    ALERT = '<li>%s</li>'
    FOOTER = '</body></html>'
    HEADER = '<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN"\n "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">'
    LEAF = '<li><a href="% (href) s">% (name) s</a></li>'
    NOTE = '<li>%s</li>'
    PLUGDIVIDER = '<hr/>\n'
    PLUGINFORMAT = '<h2 id="{name}">Plugin <em>{name}</em></h2>'
    PLUGLISTFOOTER = '</tr></table>'
    PLUGLISTHEADER = '<h3>Loaded Plugins:</h3><table><tr>'

```

```
    PLUGLISTITEM = '<td><a href="#{name}>{name}</a></td>\n'  
    PLUGLISTMAXITEMS = 5  
    PLUGLISTSEP = '</tr>\n<tr>'  
    subsections = ((<class 'sos.report.reporting.Command'>, '<li><a href="% (href) s">% (name  
class sos.report.reporting.JSONReport (report_node)  
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.PlainTextReport  
    Will generate a JSON report from a top_level Report object  
    unicode ()  
class sos.report.reporting.Leaf  
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.Node  
    Marker class that can be added to a Section node  
class sos.report.reporting.Node  
    Bases: object  
    can_add (node)  
class sos.report.reporting.Note (content)  
    Bases: sos.report.reporting.Leaf  
    ADDS_TO = 'notes'  
class sos.report.reporting.PlainTextReport (report_node)  
    Bases: object  
    Will generate a plain text report from a top_level Report object  
    ALERT = ' ! %s'  
    FOOTER = ''  
    HEADER = ''  
    LEAF = ' * % (name) s'  
    NOTE = ' * %s'  
    PLUGDIVIDER = '=====  
    PLUGINFORMAT = '{name}'  
    PLUGLISTFOOTER = ''  
    PLUGLISTHEADER = 'Loaded Plugins:'  
    PLUGLISTITEM = ' {name}'  
    PLUGLISTMAXITEMS = 5  
    PLUGLISTSEP = '\\n'  
    line_buf = []  
    process_subsection (section, key, header, format_, footer)  
    subsections = ((<class 'sos.report.reporting.Command'>, ' * % (name) s', '- commands exe  
    unicode ()
```

class `sos.report.reporting.Report`
 Bases: `sos.report.reporting.Node`

The root element of a report. This is a container for sections.

add (**nodes*)

can_add (*node*)

class `sos.report.reporting.Section` (*name*)
 Bases: `sos.report.reporting.Node`

A section is a container for leaf elements. Sections may be nested inside of Report objects only.

add (**nodes*)

can_add (*node*)

`sos.report.reporting.ends_bs` (*string*)

Return True if 'string' ends with a backslash, and False otherwise.

Define this as a named function for no other reason than that pep8 now forbids binding of a lambda expression to a name:

'E731 do not assign a lambda expression, use a def'

6.1.7 sos.utilities — Utilites Interface

class `sos.utilities.AsyncReader` (*channel, sizelimit, binary*)
 Bases: `threading.Thread`

Used to limit command output to a given size without deadlocking sos.

Takes a sizelimit value in MB, and will compile stdout from Popen into a string that is limited to the given sizelimit.

get_contents ()

Returns the contents of the deque as a string

is_full

Checks if the deque is full, implying that output was truncated

run ()

Reads from the channel (pipe) that is the output pipe for a called Popen. As we are reading from the pipe, the output is added to a deque. After the size of the deque exceeds the sizelimit earlier (older) entries are removed.

This means the returned output is chunksize-sensitive, but is not really byte-sensitive.

class `sos.utilities.ImporterHelper` (*package*)
 Bases: `object`

Provides a list of modules that can be imported in a package. Importable modules are located along the module `__path__` list and modules are files that end in `.py`.

get_modules ()

Returns the list of importable modules in the configured python package.

exception `sos.utilities.SoSTimeoutError`
 Bases: `OSError`

class `sos.utilities.TempFileUtil` (*tmp_dir*)
 Bases: `object`

clean()

new()

`sos.utilities.convert_bytes` (*bytes_, K=1024, M=1048576, G=1073741824, T=1099511627776*)
Converts a number of bytes to a shorter, more human friendly format

`sos.utilities.fileobj` (*path_or_file, mode='r'*)
Returns a file-like object that can be used as a context manager

`sos.utilities.find` (*file_pattern, top_dir, max_depth=None, path_pattern=None*)
Generator function to find files recursively. Usage:

```
for filename in find("*.properties", "/var/log/foobar"):  
    print filename
```

`sos.utilities.get_human_readable` (*size, precision=2*)

`sos.utilities.grep` (*pattern, *files_or_paths*)
Returns lines matched in fnames, where fnames can either be pathnames to files to grep through or open file objects to grep through line by line

`sos.utilities.import_module` (*module_fqname, superclasses=None*)
Imports the module *module_fqname* and returns a list of defined classes from that module. If *superclasses* is defined then the classes returned will be subclasses of the specified superclass or superclasses. If *superclasses* is plural it must be a tuple of classes.

`sos.utilities.is_executable` (*command*)
Returns if a command matches an executable on the PATH

`sos.utilities.listdir` (*path, sysroot*)

`sos.utilities.path_exists` (*path, sysroot*)

`sos.utilities.path_isdir` (*path, sysroot*)

`sos.utilities.path_isfile` (*path, sysroot*)

`sos.utilities.path_islink` (*path, sysroot*)

`sos.utilities.shell_out` (*cmd, timeout=30, chroot=None, runat=None*)
Shell out to an external command and return the output or the empty string in case of error.

`sos.utilities.sos_get_command_output` (*command, timeout=300, stderr=False, chroot=None, chdir=None, env=None, foreground=False, binary=False, sizelimit=None, poller=None*)
Execute a command and return a dictionary of status and output, optionally changing root or current working directory before executing command.

`sos.utilities.tail` (*filename, number_of_bytes*)
Returns the last *number_of_bytes* of *filename*